

Elrond Project Highlights

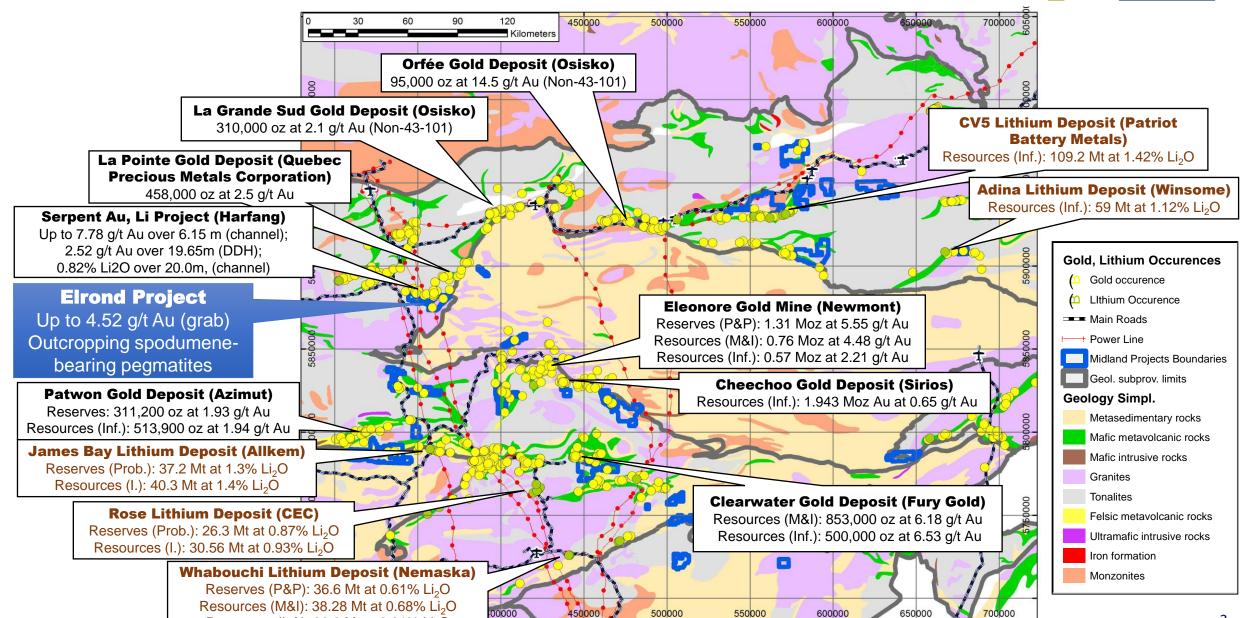


- ✓ Located at the boundary between the La Grande and Opinaca geological subprovinces Very important feature for gold potential in James Bay - hosts the Eleonore+La Pointe deps.;
- ✓ New spodumene (Li) bearing pegmatites found in 2023 (Arwen showing) and LCT pegmatites identified in other areas;
- ✓ Au-As in amphibolites (up to 4.52 g/t Au; grab); Au-Bi in tourmaline-beryl felsic dykes (up to 2.43 g/t Au; grab); Au-Mo-Bi (up to 1.63 g/t Au; grab) in fault cutting a late pink granite;
- ✓ The Au-Bi-Mo signatures and associations with felsic dykes and pink granite of two showings suggest a **Reduced Intrusion-related** magmatic-hydrothermal system on the project, and potential for large tonnage / low-grade gold deposit;
- ✓ Large number of gold, base metals showings found on the adjacent Serpent project (Harfang Exploration);
- ✓ No drilling for gold and little surface exploration overall;
- ✓ Project currently under option agreement for lithium with Brunswick Exploration.

James Bay – Gold and Lithium Prospects

Resources (Inf.): 36.6 Mt at 0.61% Li₂O

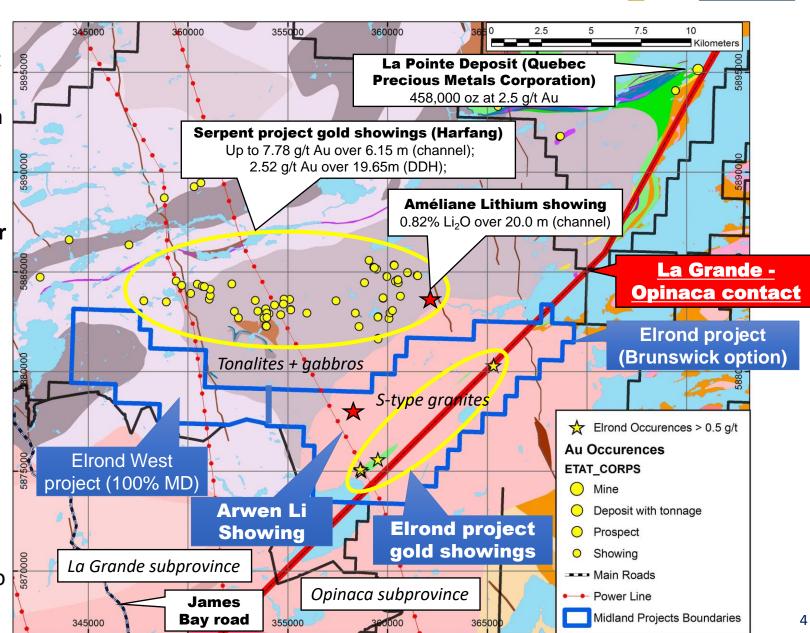




Elrond Project – Gold and Lithium Showings



- Many important gold prospects in James
 Bay (ex: Éléonore, La Pointe) are located at
 the contact between the La Grande
 volcanoplutonic province and the Opinaca
 metasedimentary province
- The La Grande Opinaca contact is interpreted by MD as passing in the center of the project
- Several Au-As, Au-Bi-Mo showings and lithium-bearing spodumene prospect on the Elrond project
- Large S-type granite and pegmatites mapped that appear associated with gold and;
- Large number of gold / base metals showings and a spodumene pegmatite also found on the adjacent Serpent project



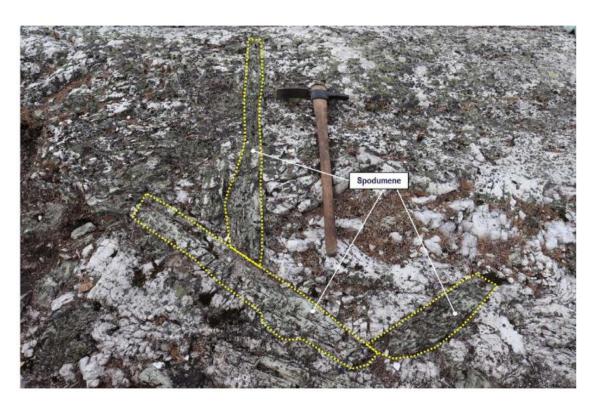
Elrond and Serpent Lithium



Elrond Li Pegmatites; Arwen showing Red areas are where Spodumene was observed



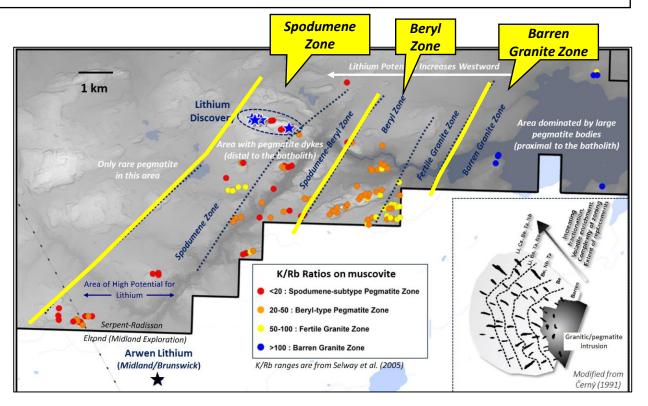
Serpent: Channel: $0.82 \text{ Li}_2O / 20m$ (dyke still open in width)

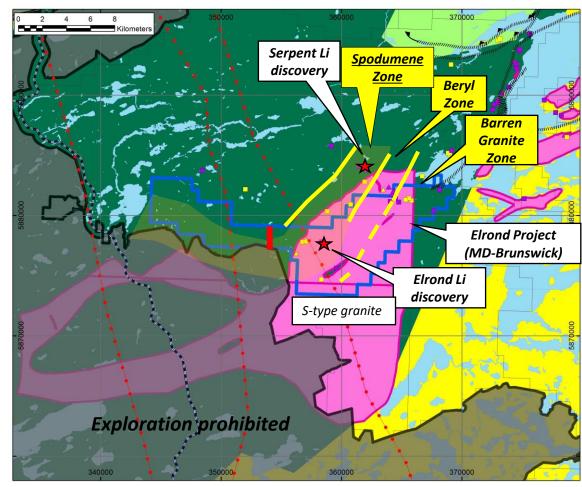


Elrond and Serpent Lithium



- ✓ Decreasing K/Rb ratios <u>westward</u> in pegmatites on the Serpent project suggest a classic zonation from the barren intrusion (S-type granite), to the east, to spodumene to the west (Figure from Harfang Website)
- ✓ Suggest that a large part of the Elrond project is in the favorable Spodumene

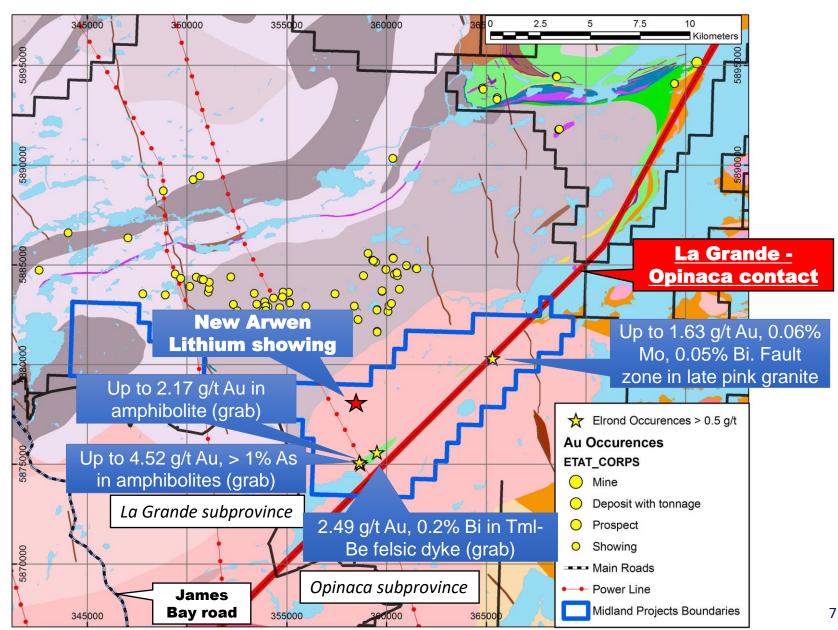




Elrond Project – Gold Showings



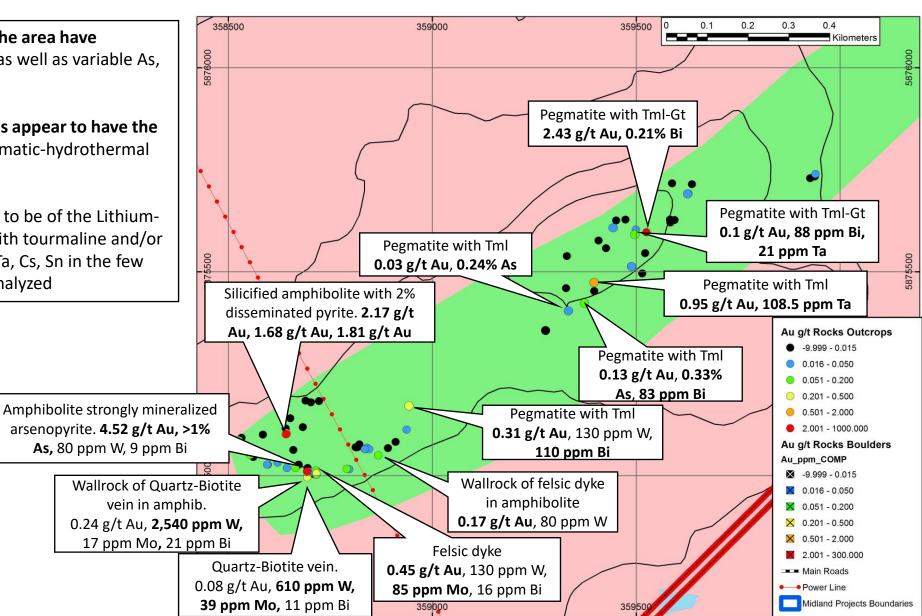
- Four main gold showings found on the project:
- 1. Au-As in amphibolites (up to 4.52 g/t Au; grab)
- 2. Au-only in amphibolite (up to 2.17 g/t Au; grab)
- 3. Au-Bi in tourmaline-beryl felsic dykes (up to 2.43 g/t Au; grab)
- 4. Au-Mo-Bi (up to 1.63 g/t Au; grab) in fault cutting a late pink granite
- The Au-Bi-Mo signatures of several showings and associations with felsic dykes and pink granite suggest a Reduced Intrusion-related magmatic-hydrothermal system on the project, and potential for large tonnage and low-grade gold deposits



Elrond Project – South-West Area



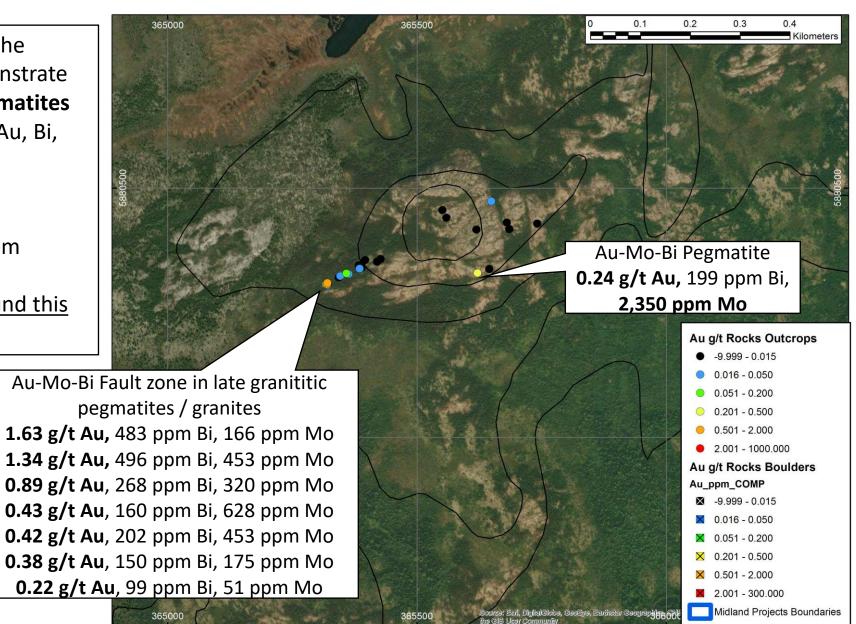
- Many pegmatites sampled in the area have anomalous Au (>0.02 g/t Au), as well as variable As, Mo, Bi, W, Be, Pb.
- Many mineralized amphibolites appear to have the same signature as well → magmatic-hydrothermal mx?
- Note: these pegmatites appear to be of the Lithium-Tantalum-Cesium (LCT) type, with tourmaline and/or garnets, as well as anomalous Ta, Cs, Sn in the few samples in which these were analyzed



Elrond Project – North Au-Mo-Bi Showing



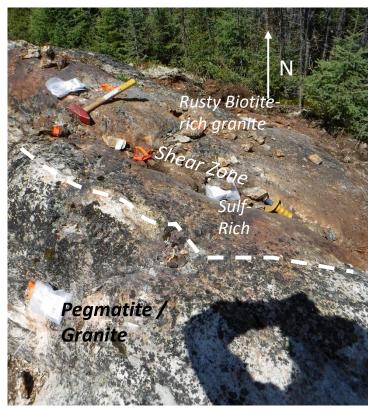
- These results and those of the southern area clearly demonstrate that the late granites / pegmatites of the area are enriched in Au, Bi, Mo±As
- Consistent with a Reduced Intrusion-Related gold system
- <u>Little exploration done around this showing</u>



Elrond Project – North Au-Mo-Bi Showing



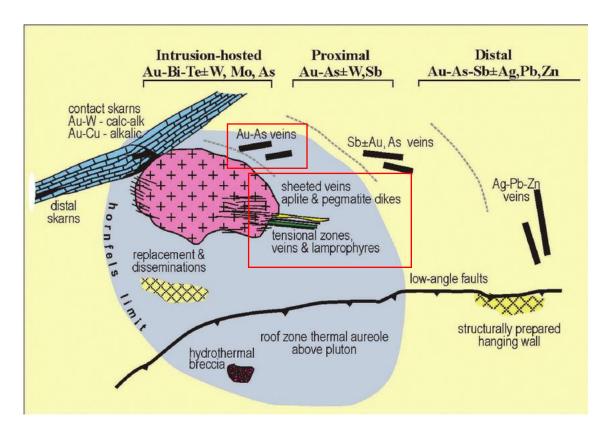
- Rusty zone with sulfides centered on a 20cm wide sheared zone in pegmatite
- Pegmatite is interpreted as belonging to the late Vieux-Comptoir suite, dated at 2,618 Ma in the area
- Zone is >3 meters large, and is open to the north and east
- Au-Mo-Bi signature; Up to 1.63 g/t
 Au; 496 ppm Bi; 628 ppm Mo





Au Mineralization in Late Granitoids, James Bay MIDLAND

- Major, late gold event associated with felsic intrusions now recognized in James Bay
 - Cheechoo tonalite dated at 2,612 Ma, host of the 1.94 Moz gold deposit (at 0.65 g/t Au)
 - Interpreted as Reduced Intrusion-Related gold deposit
 - Cheechoo also located at the La Grande-Opinaca boundary.
 - Pegmatites of similar age (2618 Ma) known in Elrond area
- Potential for similar mineralization exists all around the Opinaca-La Grande contact, not explored in the past recognized only as important in 2015 following the dating of the intrusion at 2,612 Ma. In the past, these late-granite pegmatites were considered as barren and very seldom explored/sampled.
- Intrusion-related mineralization now confirmed on the Elrond project –Au-Mo-Bi±As in late granites / pegmatites
- Au-As mineralization in amphibolites could be proximal expression?



Goldfarb et al. 2005